

1884-1937

The John Morrow Company

1884

John Morrow (1851-1898) founds a machine screw business in London.



1887

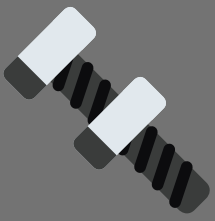
Morrow moves the John Morrow Company to Ingersoll, assisted by a \$2,500 municipal bonus and a ten-year exemption from municipal taxes.

1898

Morrow dies. Morrow's nephew, Anderson Coulter (1868-1941), takes over, first as manager and then (1902) as president.

1905

J. Anderson Coulter founds the Ingersoll Nut Company, assisted by a municipal bonus. He is president of both the Morrow Company and the Nut Company.



1911

J. Anderson Coulter merges the two companies into John Morrow Screw & Nut Company

1916

Anderson Coulter sells his shares to Fred Deacon (1874-1948), a Toronto financier, but a native of Ingersoll. Coulter continues as president, however, with Deacon a vice-president.

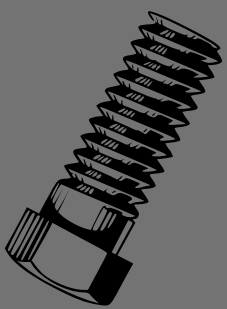


1920

Fred Deacon replaces Anderson Coulter as president of Morrows. Management of the company shifts to Toronto.

1924

The John Morrow Screw & Nut Company merges with the Ingersoll Machine & Tool Company, which E.A. Wilson had established in Ingersoll in 1914. The merged companies continue to operate as separate entities. Fred Deacon remains president of the John Morrow Screw & Nut Company, while E.A. Wilson (Earnest Albert Wilson (1880-1963), president of the Ingersoll Machine & Tool Company, becomes Vice-President of Morrows. Under Wilson, the management of the John Morrow Screw & Nut Company returns to Ingersoll.



1937

E.A. Wilson, president of the Machine Company, acquires Fred Deacon's shares in the Morrow Company and becomes president of both companies.

Sincere gratitude to George Emery who researched and compiled the above information.